Elevators Are Full and the Railroads

Are Unable to Take Care of the

Kansas City, Sept. 1.-The extensive

yards of the Santa Fe railroad in Ar-

gentine are almost exclusively occu-

the ground near the railroad stations.

FIGURES IN UNITED STATES AP-

PROACH HIGH RECORD.

M'KINLEY TO REMAIN.

President Cannot Leave Washington

Washington, Sept. 1.-The date of

FAVOR "OPEN DOOR."

Coloradoans Conference Lauds Course

of the Administration. Denver, Sept. 1.-The Colorado con-

ference of the Methodist church, in ses-

Ballyhoo Bey Is Injured.

Find Mount Baker Active.

Bark Klikitat Is Disabled.

New Whatcom, Wash., Sept. 1 .- Several members of the faculty of the Whatcom State Normal school headed

sion at Salida today, almost unani-

For Some Time.

SALISBURY IN SOLITUDE

KEEPS AWAY FROM RAILROAD. BUT CLOSE TO TELEGRAPH.

(Copyright, 1900, by the Associated Press.) London, Sept. 1.-As soon as British Bell, George Mullen and William Hauslandshrudes upon the nations whenever any far eastern question occupies international attention, it will, in all probability, according to the views of the best informed, heartily acknowledge the wisdom of America's initiative toward a solution of a situation which threatens to reach an impasse. At present the country finds a touch of humor in the idea of an entente between the great republic of the new world and the powerful autocracy of the old, and the Saturday Review sneeringly wonders which will ultimately "give way" to the other. But despite the attempts of the fingoes to becloud the real meaning of the new understanding, it is believed in authoritative quarters that the reasons actuating the United States will ultimately recommend themselves to governmental circles. Great Britain would doubtless have preferred to assist in carrying out the original American proposals, but, as the Washington government is prepared to modify these in deference to Russian views, there is every indication that the British cabinet will accept whatever promises the quickest end to the controversy.

Europe In Suspicious Mood.

The main trouble is that the whole of Europe is in a mood of mutual sussibility and the proposal of the proposal of the states with while cape Nome has been a great disponitor of the bash of Murray, about Oct. 1. Mr. Snell will bring with him the first clean-up from the company's plant on the beach. public opinion is able to shake off the

Europe In Suspicious Mood.

The main trouble is that the whole of Europe is in a mood of mutual suspicion, only too well calculated to promote international complications deprecated by the whole world. But diplomatic circles in London are of the opinion that signs are discernable that the tension will soon be reiaxed, and that the jealousits will be so allayed that the powers will be enabled, in conjunction with the reformers and viceroys of the southern provinces, to devise a theme for reconstituting the government of China in conformity with the will of the people and authorities of China. They emphasize the necessity of taking the, advice of the great Yang Tie viceroys, whose attitude during the present crisis has shown there are men in China who can govern when free from the influence of the Manchu clique, and who, it is thought, would gladly aid the powers in the re-establishment of the government of the governm he re-establishment of the govern-nent, perhaps by deposing the dowager empress and reinstating the comperor. Of course, it is realized that many snags are liable to disturb the smoothness of the current, but the orinion in the best informed circles appears to be that latest developments have materially helped clear the course.

Opinion of Mr. Bookwalter. This opinion is shared by John W. Bookwalter of Ohio, who is the author of recent books on Siberian and Astatic

in had no titles to ground to put it up on of recent books on Siberian and Asiatic problems.

"The Washington government," said Mr. Bookwalter, "is taking exactly the right stand, though cert 'n circles in England will exert every effort to discountenance the Russo-American rapprochement. Fifty dollars of Chinese trade is worth more to the United States than fifty square miles of territory, and if the United States than fifty square miles of territory, and if the United States continues friendly with Russia she can obtain a share of commerce which might easily be thrown to Germany. I believe that when England comes to understand that the czar means to protect the autonomy of central Chinashe will also see her way to heartily join with Russia, for England must remember that the trans-Caspian railroad puts a Cossack army at the doors of India as well as at Vladivostock."

Salisbury In Tetirement.

Salisbury In Cetirement. In the midst of al the turmoil, not heeding the hysterical affiliations of the arm-chair guides of Great Britain, the responsible head of affairs, Lord Salisbury, rests calm, confident and wary in the village of Schlucht, a health resort in the Vosges, ten miles from the nearest railross station but from the nearest railroad station, but at the end of a wire to Downing street. It is explained that one of Lord Salisbury's reasons for going into perfect solitude was to be able to work during this trying period without interruntions from cabinet ministers and others. Lord Salisbury's long interview with the French minister of colonies. M. Decrais, and the announcement that the French minister of foreign affairs. M. Delcasse, will shortly visit the British premier, is taken here to mean that the latter is improving the relations with France, which, judging from the newspapers, certainly need improvement, for dark rumors of possible war between France and Great Britain are persistent.

Religious Promoter In London.

Religious Promoter In London. John Alexander Dowie of Chicago, who came to England to promote the Zion movement, has been kept busy this week. Although he has not begun real work in London, Dowie is besieged with letters, telegrams and callers urging him to initiate the Zion movement forthwith. Mr. Dowie however is reforthwith. Mr. Dowle, however, is go ing to Scotland for a month's holiday hefore beginning his campaign. His agents are at work trying to secure: building for the autumn operations.

NEW SEE OF ALTOONA.

Bishopric Will Probably Be Created There.

Washington, Sept. 1.-It is learned from an official source that by reason of Archbishop Ryan's petition to Rome, supplemented with that of the Philadelphia Suffragan bishops, the new see of Altona probably will be created this month.

this month.

It is believed that the Very Rev. P.
J. Garvey, D. D., president of the St.
Charles college at Overbrook, Pa., will
be the first incumbent of the diocese.

It is understood that nothing definite
concerning the creation of a Sioux City
diocese will be done until after Archbishop Keane's return from Europe.
Father John Carroll of Dubuque, however, is said to be its probable appointee.

UNCLE SAM'S DEBT.

Increase of Over \$2,000,000 Shown For Month.

Washington, Sept. 1.—The morthly statement of the public debt shows that at the close of business Aug. 31, 1990, the debt, less cash in the treasury, amounted to \$1.112.289,166, an increase for the month of \$2.922.335. The debt is recapitulated as follows:

of K.922.395. The debt is recapitulated as follows:
Interest bearing debt, \$1,001,499,260; debt on which the interest has ceased since maturity, \$9,201,969; debt bearing no interest, \$380,367,851; total, \$1,397,688,892.

This amount, however, does not include \$133,135,650 in certificates and treasury notes outstanding, which are offset by an equal amount of cash on hand. The cash in the treasury is classified as follows:

Reserve fund, \$159,20,059; trust fund, \$733,155,679; general fund, \$125,642,091; in national bank depositories, \$95,064,261; totol, \$1,404,841,059, against which there are which leaves a cash balance in the treasury of \$258, 199,461.

Mines Eold For \$2,000,000.

Versauver, B. C., Sept. I.—Papers were signed to day transferding the Brallamer ceres, mines, situated on Howe sound, rest vancouver. B. C., to the Ernish establish known as the Scott syndicate, the price pad was on the basis of \$2.00.

MANAGER ALASKA MINING COM-

PANY AT HOME. Thinks the Northern Country Will

Gradually the Utahns who went to TWO CITIES ALMOST WRECKED

But He Didn't Strike Ary.

seek fortune in the sands of Cape Nome are drifting back home

The latest arrivals are A. R. Carter, his two sons, Harry and Morris; Ed Bell, Ceorge Mullen and William Hauslam, who reached Salt Lake yesterday.

bring with him the first clean-up from the company's plant on the beach.

While Cape Nome has been a great disappointment, Mr. Carter is still of the opinion it will make a good camp after the great bulk of people leave. He says there are a few good mines; Charley Lane, the California mining man, has some good properties along Anvil creek. At present there is not room for more than 2,500 people to enjoy prosperity. A great many of the best propositions are tied up with litigation, and it will take at least a year to clear up titles.

E. G. Rognon is one of the Sait Lake contingent that has prospered. He made money out of his steam launch and had bargained to sell it for \$2,000; but the day before the delivery was to have been made the craft was wrecked, so Rognon did not receive his price. The Nome Review, his newspaper, has been a paying proposition. been a paying proposition.

been a paying proposition.

Mr. Carter estimates that fully \$300,-000 worth of machinery was landed on the beach which was aever set up. In most instances the men who brought it in had no titles to ground to put it up

Wheeler.

It is stated to be practically settled that General Chaffee will be General Wheeler's successor in the list of brigadier generals.

HAY SAYS HE IS WELL.

Secretary Denies the Reports of His Serious Illness.

ord, N. H., Sept. 1.-Senator William E. Chandler received a tele-gram from John Hay, secretary of state, at Lake Sunapee, denying that he was seriously ill. The secretary

"My indisposition was slight and I am now in my usual health."

Washington, Sept. 1.—Letters received here from intimate friends of Secretary Hay at Newbury, N. H., where the secretary of state has been passing a few weeks of the summer, absolutely deny the reports of his serious illness. He arrived there with a severe cold, which was followed by a slight attack of rheumatism, a complaint to which he has been subject more or less for some years. This time it yielded readily to treatment and Mr. Hay is now entirely convalescent.

CUBAN TRADE GROWS.

Statistics Are Given to Show Increase.

Washington. Sept. 1.—A steady and material increase in the trade of Cuba is evidenced in a comparative statement made public today by the division of customs and insular affairs, which gives the customs receipts at Cuban ports for the first seven months of 1990, as compared with the same period last year.

The statement shows that the total The Statement of the first seven months of the present year aggregate \$9.331,832, as against \$8.112,815 for the same period

NEW BOAT DOES WELL.

of the tug.

ENGLAND TO AGREE CARTER RETURNS FROM NOME FRANCE IS WITH RUSSIA SERIOUS KANSAS WHEAT JAM INSURANCE MEN FINISH

FARMERS FORCED TO DUMP Looks With Favor on Proposal GRAIN ON THE GROUND. as to China.

Yet Produce Some Good Mines, TYPHOID BAD IN PARIS

BY WOOL SPECULATION.

Copyright, 1900, by the Associated Press.) the foregoing policy as that of any power mentioned, but it is more pleasing to France that bonds of accord should be shown between the United States, France and Russia, and that these nations should appear to be the controling influence toward peacs.

controling influence toward peaca.

America's proposition to accept Li
Hung Chang as go-between in the negodations is well received, although it
is still desired that he produce tangible
evidence that he is acting for the central power. In fact, France is ready
to treat with any pleinpotentiary able
to furnish proper credentials. Russia's
proposal to withdraw the troops from
Pekin coincides with the feeling entertained in Paris in favor of a conciliatory power.

tained in Paris in favor of a conciliatory power.

The acceptance of these two propositions by all the powers is considered an important step towards a satisfactory solution, and one which will avoid causing a convulsion within China, and will minimize the danger of conflict among the powers. Germany and Italy form a doubtful factor in the present exchange of views, but it is thought the weight of the Pacific influence of the other nations will bear down any bellicose intentions on their part on the scales of European policy. scales of European policy

Typhoid Almost Epidemic.

The official medical bulletin this week The official medical bulletin this week reveals a disquieting sanitary situation in Paris. Statistics show that typhoid fever prevails in an almost epidemic form. There were recorded from the beginning of the year to Aug. 13, 3,148 cases, of which 568 resulted fatally. This is a considerable increase over the records of previous years. This is a considerable increase over the records of previous years. Paris is never free from this disease, but until 1898 the number of cases for the corresponding period did not exceed 700. Moreover, the figures for the last few weeks of the present year show a perceptible increase over those of the earlier periods. The prevalence and spread of typhoid are due entirely to bad water. One of the sources from which Paris is furnished with water is known to be infected with typhoid backnown to be infected with typhoid backnown to be infected with typhoid bac-cillus, though the water from all the others is perfectly pure. The authori-ties, however, declare that they are compelled to utilize the contaminated source because the others are inade-quate. The publication of these alarm-ing statistics may, however, spur the responsible authorities into seeking fresh sources. Meanwhile Parisians are recommended to boil the water they use or to drink only mineral waters.

responsible authorities into seeking fresh sources. Meanwhile Parisians are recommended to boil the water they use or to drink only mineral waters.

German Officers In Paris.

Over 600 German officers have visited the Paris exposition since April last, without the slightest hindrance on the part of the French authorities. There has been some bitter comment regarding the differences between the treatment of German officers visiting France and that of French officers desiring to revisit Alsace-Lorraine. The only formality required of the German officers is that they register themseives at the bureau of the military governor of Paris. One officer of high rank and five superior officers were among the

French Shabbily Treated.

A former major in the French army writes to the papers, stating that he recently applied for authorization to enter Alsace-Lorraine, pointing out that he was 63 years of age and had retired from the army, and wished, before he died, to see his aged sister, and again to make a pilgrimage to the graves of his father and mother in the cemetery at Colmar. The reply he received was an abrupt refusal. The Matin, commenting on this, says:

"This means that the enormous circular regarding the abolition of passports is nothing but a vuigar snare, issued with the object of winning a weicome for German officers visiting the exposition, while secret orders are given the Alsatian officials to increase the severity of the regulations regarding the applications of French officers to visit the lost provinces."

It is admitted, however, that every facility is afforded Frenchmen for visiting other parts of Germany. In fact, the amiable attentions of German functionaries are described as embarrassing.

functionaries are described as embar-

Wool Gambling Works Ruin.

Two great French centers of the manufacturing of woolen goods—Roubaix and Tourcoing—are in the throes of financial disaster, due to reckless speculation. The wool gambling fever took hold of the business houses last summer, when wool rose steadily without apparent reason, until in August mously passed a resolution commending the Chinese policy of the administration and also applauding "the course of all those who, in the senate and house of representatives, have supported the administration in the foreign policy which means an open door for Christianity as well as for trade, and the protection of American life and property all over the world." but apparent reason, until in August he price reached the high water mark the price reached the high water mark of 6 francs 70 centimes per kilogram. Speculators for a time lost their heads, and there were daily purchases of 1,000,000 or 1,500,000 kilograms. The manufacturing business was dislocated owing to the extraordinary fluctuations in the price of material.

Abundant warnings were given that the fictitious values would inevitably problem to the first the property of the proper

the fictitious values would inevitably lead to a slump, but they were unheaded until the collapse occurred, and wool now stands at 2 francs per kliogram below the August price. The amount of wool bought blindly by Rouhaix and Tercoing firms reached the fabulous total of 40.000,002 kilograms, which means a deficit of 90.000,000 francs. Thirteen are already in the hands of receivers, one house alone losing 8,000,000 francs, and several others are tottering, but efforts are being made in Paris to help them over the stile.

Loubet to Give Big Banquet.

Submarine Vessel Holland Keeps
From Sight Successfully.

Newport, R. I., Sept. 1.—Among naval men here today there was considerable discussion over the first night test of the submarine boat Holland operating against a vessel with search-lights last night.

The Holland went out in her usual trim with her deck about two feet above the water.

So long as the vessel carried her signal lights the tug Leyden, used as the target, had no trouble in locating her, but as soon as these were extinguished it was impossible to descry the Holland.

I Loubet to Give Big Banquet.

A banquet of immense proportions will be given in Paris on Sept. 22, when President Loubet will entertain all the mayors of France, to celebrate the exposition. Fifteen thousand guests will sit down at the tables in immense tents to be erected in the Garden of the Tuileries, overlooking the Rue de Rivoli. The banquet will cost 500,000 france. The president, his ministers and the exposition officials will be present, and a gala exhibition will be held in the Saile des Fetes at the exposition in the afternoon, followed at night by a fete with splendid illuminations.

How It Was.

Detroit Free Press.)

"Did he marry her for her money?"

"No, he married her money in spite of the tug."

(Detroit Free Press.)
"Did he marry her for her money?"
"No, he married her money in spite of

Convention of Fire Agents Completes Work.

OFFICERS ARE ELECTED

RESOLUTIONS ON VARIOUS SUB-JECTS ARE ADOPTED.

pied with ears of wheat which it is im-Copyright, 1900, by the Associated Press.)
Paris, Sept. 1.—The Chinese situation, as viewed in Paris, has assumed a brighter aspect. The practical unanimity of the United States, Russia, France and Japan, in the desire to maintain the integrity of the empire, is regarded as disposing of any question of partition. England's position is undoubtedly as strongly favorable to the foregoing pricey as that of any process of the convention of the National Association of Local Fire Insurance Agents was occupied with reports of the convention of Local Fire Insurance Agents was occupied with reports of the resolutions and nominating committees. The most important resolution from the former committee was on the restriction of brokerage. The convention adopted resolutions asking companies to engage but one agent in a territory containing a population of 100,000 or less, and providing for a general campalgn in favor of equitable All the other roads in Kansas are unable to handle the wheat offered. All the elevators are full and farm-ers are dumping wheat in big piles on general campaign in favor of equitable legislation affecting both agents and

Conditions in each commonwealth were discussed. W. S. Fuss of West Virginia said that his state was in need of legislation, particularly resident management law. W. H. Mandeville said the New York association had increased 28 per cent in the past year. He asked whether it paid to have a paid secretary or solicitor. The loss per cent in New York had been large.

Delegrate Patton of Milwaukee favored the paid secretaryship plan. A. L. Worthington of New Jersey spoke favorably of insurance conditions in his state.

A. W. Neill, president of the Ohio association, spoke in favor of the plan in vogue in Ohio of having a salaried fire marshal, who is a state or ccunty officer, to investigate fires, just as the coroner investigates sudden deaths, and whose report is a part of the court records.

vention seemed to favor Louisville next October. The convention adjourned sine die.

LABOR DAY AT OGDEN.

Great Carnival In Store For Junction

Against the complaisance of the exasperation to the exasperation to the exasperation of the french authorities, the Parisian pressure with the statement made vesterday of the french authorities, the Parisian pressure were severely injured by failing the was demolished and several persons were severely injured by failing the french officers in the anabadily bruised. A detail of police finally protocol order. No one was seriously injured, and nearly all were cared for at a nearby drug store.

OTIS SUCCEDS WHEELER

Vill Take Command In Chicago—
Promotion For Chaffee.

Washington, Sept. 1—General Oils is been selected to fill the post of manding officer of the department the lakes, to become vacant next is been selected to fill the post of manding officer of the department the lakes, to become vacant next key the retirement of General is stated to be a stated to be a

a Substitute.

Frankfort, Ky., Sept. 1.—Representa-President McKinley's departure for vides for a state board of three, two Canton has not been fixed. He had hoped to be able to leave this week, largely on account of Mrs. McKinley's health, but the important character of the Chirse persisting week the controlling authority of the two leading political parties, the third to be appointed by the secretary of state until after 1902 and then to be appointed by the secretary of state until after 1902 and then to be appointed by the secretary of state until after 1902 and

health, but the important character of the Chinese negotiations necessitates his presence here at least until the present crisis is passed.

At the White House everything is in readiness for the president's departure, but it is now believed that he and Mrs. McKinley will not get away until the middle of next week. County boards of three are provided for similarly, the third member to be appointed by the state board. Election officers are to be equally divided between parties. Registration is provided for and ballots are to be provided by the secretary of state with no device of designation to mark.

The clerks of election are authorized to assist illiterate persons in preparing their ballots The bill is said to meet the views of Governor Beckham.

The senate had adjourned until Tuesday, and the house today took the same

day, and the house today took the same

FRENCH DIPLOMAT'S VISIT.

M. Patenotre, Ambassador to Spain,
Is In Washington.

French ambassador to Spain, has arrived here for a brief visit. He was welcomed at the French embassy, where he was in charge up to the time. where he was in charge up to the time of his transfer to Madrid and the ap-pointment of M. Cambon to Washing-ton. It was upon these two French ambassadors, Cambon and Patenotre, New York, Sept. 1.—The World tomor-row will say:
William C. Whitney's Ballyho Bey, who won the Flatbush stakes at Shoenshead Bay yesterday, was cut down and may not run again this season, if ever. Mr. Joyni, who caused the injury to Ballyho Bey, was suspended for the remainder of the meeting.

ambassadors, Cambon and Patenotre, stationed respectively at Washington and Madrid, that the burden of the peace negotiations in the Spanish-American war fell.

M. Patenotre is now on leave and has spent most of the summer at the seasnore. After his visit to the embassy he will go to the suburban home of Mr. Elverson of Philadelphia, his father-in-law, for a few days prior to sailing for Paris, whence he will return to his post at Madrid.

MORE TEA IMPORTED.

San Francisco's Receipts Show a whatcom state Normal school neaded a party of mountain climbers which have just succeeded in ascending Mount Baker to the summit. They say the mountain is a semi-active volcano, emitting sulphurous vapors, which deeply impregnate the air around the top of the mountain.

Large Increase.

San Francisco, Sept. 1.-According to San Francisco, Sept. 1.-A dispatch figures furnished by Collector Jackson, from Neah Bay to the Merchants' Exs from Neah Bay to the Merchants' Exchange reports that the bark Klikitat, bound from Honolulu to Port Ludlow, had put in there in a disabled condition. Her royal and top gallant masts were gone, half of her topmast and her topsail yard had gone by the board. She had encountered a severe storm, but the dispatch does not say in what locality.

Ingures furnished by Collector Jackson, there has been a large increase in the receipts of tea at this port.

For the fiscal year ending June 36 the receipts amounted to 1,580,774 pounds. In July 3,030,277 pounds were received, and during August 3,412,197 pounds were brought here. The total receipts for the fiscal year and the two following months amount to \$8,023,228.

HOTEL ARRIVALS.

The Walker.—Jacob Gray, J. L. Adams, Marion, Ilis.; Charles Goldberg, St. Louis; Peter Nelson. Spokane; O. Rasmussen, Park City; D. R. Roberts, Logan, John McCoy, Colorado Springs; Mrs. D. Asplund, Red Rock, Mont.; Miss H. Asplund, Butte, Mont.; T. G. Funk, Moscow, Ida.; J. L. oBreman, Ogden; Ed Gee, Tooeia; T. D. Gilmore, M. J. Gilmore, William Willes, Pocatello; Mrs. Thomas Rogers, Mr. Thomas Benson, England; S. E. Higgins, Chicago; A. J. Hassel, Mammoth; J. C. Morrison, Des Moines, ia.; George Mathison, Denver; J. C. Kelly, Brayton, 18.; Miss Lulu Mathews, Miss Kate Mathews, James Howell, Beaver City; L. F. Waldemar, Mt. Pleasant; Miss Mary Deal, Chicago; Charles Umbrech and wife, J. M. Ganner, Syracuse; E. W. Garraton, Bingham; John Hammond, Mercur.

Wey Hotel.—J. Hanson, Logan; G. F. Beavers, South Omaha; George W. Sarvis, A. J. eBavers, Hepburn, Ia.; Mrs. A. W. Moore, Miss Grace Moorel, A. W. Moore, Denver; Mr. and Mrs. G. G. Stone, Albany, N. Y.; B. F. Schilling, Los Angeles; John Delanty, Cripple Creek; Mr. and Mrs. E. Osborn, city; W. H. South, Mrs. W. O. South, West Virginia; C. F. Thompson, Mrs. H. Thompson, Seattle; Mrs. G. A. Schetler, Portland; H. W. Griffith, San Francisco.

Griffith, San Francisco.

White House.—S. Judd, St. George; F. Little, Kanab; James P. Driscoll, Eureka; Mrs. W. A. Lloyd, Mammoth; J. Gowen and wife, Tooele; J. W. Harpstrite, Lehi; J. A. Brown, San Francisco; A. Nietson, J. Larsen, Richfield; Miss Stella McBride, American Fork; W. H. Clark, Richfield; John Meteer, Stockton; B. Bennett and wife, Idaho Falls; E. G. Woods, E. Woods, Spanish Fork; H. K. Hayes, Richfield; H. H. Lewis, Ogden; H. J. Whitney, Denver; W. O. Toner, Cooke, Nev.; George W. Nolan, Ogden; H. H. Lewis, La Grande, Ore.; W. H. Werthelmer, Moroni; A. L. Hitchcock, Denver; R. H. Allen, R. C. McCorkle, Pittsburg; J. Williams, New York; Miss Clara Louise Petri, Providence, R. I.; Andrew Johnson, Provo; Fred Dittman, Eureka; A. W. Allen, Draper; C. L. Countryman, Mercur; Oscar Cartoit and family, St. Louis; E. A. Marsh and wife, Cincinnati, O.

PROACH HIGH RECORD.

Total For Year Ending June 30, 1900, Is 1,446, Distributed Among All Classes.

Total For Year Ending June 30, 1900, Is 1,446, Distributed Among All Classes.

Washington. Sept. 1.—Complete of dictional time of the property of the plant of the pl

The Kenyon.—A. Egglerton and son, Provo; B. V. Baggs, Butte; R. Greenleaf, Des Moines; Charles Rathbun and family, Foutenetee; J. F. Harmon, Oswego, N. Y.; H. W. Rounds, Ogden; Mrs. S. F. Louther, Master Charles Louther, Cham Louther, Miss Barker, George Noble Todd, San Francisco; Mrs. W. A. Middleton, Miss Middleton, Mrs. G. E. Williams, Ceden; John A. Mease, Vernal; M. P. Bewley, r., Margie Bewley, Mrs. Sewley, Fort Worth, Tex., O. C. Beesback, Chicago; Thomas F. Casey, Chicago; C. F. Castelle, Tampa, Fla.; Miss Dora McBeth, Payson; Mrs. S. E. Ware, Silver City; Anna Shollenberger, Maquoketa, Ia.; Atlunta W. Birdseye, H. W. Puden, Provo; John Gilman, Mrs. J. Helleyor, Worcester, Mass.; J. F. Chalmer, Richmond, Va.; John A. Scott, Omaha; Charles Goldberg, Mrs. L. C. Allen, Fort Pickens; W. S. Mercier, E. Saunders, San Farncisco; J. Charles Roper, Miss Roper, New York; Ed. E. Wolcott, E. D. Rogers, Chicago; C. H. Jackson, San Francisco;

The Cullen.—H. W. Robbinson. Chicago W. E. Condon. Houston, Ida.; W. P. Anderson, Leadville; R. M. Downie, Beaver Falls; Miss L. Donaker, Houston, Tex. W. E. Nottingham, Laura Nottingham Macon; L. Propst and wife, Miss Cox Rawlins. Wyo.; D. R. Buber and wife Provo; J. W. Gilman and daughter, Win.

University of Utah.

This institution will occupy the new buildings on the east hill the ensuing year. It will open Oct. 1, entrance examinations being held Sept. 26, 27, 28. The Training school, a department of the Normal school, will begin Septem Frankfort, Ky., Sept. 1.—Representative Holland today introduced a bill in the house to repeal the Goebel election law and to enact a new one. It provides for a state board of three, two to be appointed by the controlling authority of the two leading political parties, the third to be appointed by the secretary of state until after 1902 and then to be elected by the legislature; the third member to have no vote except in case of a tie.

County boards of three are provided for similarly, the third member to be appointed by the state board. Election officers are to be equally divided between parties. Registration is provided for and ballots are to be provided by the secretary of state with no device of designation to mark.

The clerks of election are authorized to assist illiterate persons in preparing their ballots. The bill is said to meet.

young women over the school age who are not prepared to enter upon any course in the university at a cost for each of \$20 per year. Such an opportunity will thus enable these persons to prepare for regular courses in the institution.

Union Gospel Mission Notes.

Since T. J. Strawbridge has resumed management of the Union Gospel mis

Atlantic Shipping Company Is to Enter Field.

SUBSIDIZED FOR MAILS

VESSELS WILL STOP AT BERE. HAVEN, SHORTENING TIME

New York, Sept. 1 .- A dispatch to the World from London, says: An official communication has been received from Dover concerning the use of that port by the new line of trans-Atlantic mail steamers, to be built and the "Atlantic Shipping company,"

This company has been formed for the purpose of running weekly steamers between New York and England and the continent, it is stated, and is to be subsidized by the United States for

subsidized by the United States for carrying mails.

The first port for these liners on this side of the Atlan 'e will be Berehaven, on the extreme's universe coast of Ireland, at the entrance of Bantry bay. This is a naval station for the British fleet, and is defended by forts crected on an island and on the mainland. It contains all the necessaries, including depth of water, for such a port.

Among the bills passed by parliament last session was one enabling a ment last session was one enabling railway to be constructed from the pie in Berehaven harbor almost in straight line to Rosslare, on the eas coast, where the great western rail way of England is now establishing a line of fast mail steamers to do the fifty seven miles passage to Fishquard.

fifty-seven miles passage to Fishguard Wales, in two and three-quarters hours The effect of this arrangement will be that a special train leaving Berehaven with mails and passengers will be at Paddington in less than thirteen hours. This, as compared with Queenstown route, is a clear gain of over eight bours in time as Barehaven is six hours. west of Queenstown. On the many occasions of stormy weather, when mail steamers cannot get into Queenstown and must proceed to Liverpool, the gain will be increased, as Berehaven harbor is available in all weathers. It has two entrances, perfectly sheltered, with forty to fifty fathoms of water.

The steamers of this new line, after leaving Berehaven, will call at Hayre.

The steamers of this new line, after leaving Berehaven, will call at Havre and then come on to Dover, subsequently proceeding to Fushing.

The steamers are to be constructed to maintain an average speed of twenty-five knots across the Atlantic, a subsidy being conditional on this speed.

CROKER MAKES A BET.

(Special to The Herald.) New York, Sept. 1.—Richard Croker to-day bet \$20,000 to \$50,000 that Bryan would

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(Chicago Record.)

"What ails Mrs. Miggs?"

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